# **PROJECT 2**

## **TOPIC: VERIFICATION OF ALTERNATE SEGMENT THEOREM**

**OBJECTIVE:** To verify that: If a line touches a circle and from the point of contact a chord is drawn, the angles between the tangent and the chord respectively are equal to the angles in the corresponding alternate segments.

## **MATERIALS REQUIRED:**

- 1. Geometry box
- 2. Practical workbook
- 3. Coloured chart papers yellow, blue and red
- 4. Scissors
- 5. Scale
- 6. Sketch pen
- 7. Adhesives or glue sticks
- 8. Tracing papers 2

### PROCEDURE:

- 1. Draw a circle of 5 cm radius on a blue coloured chart paper. Use black sketch pen for drawing.
- 2. Cut out the circle.
- 3. Take a yellow chart paper. Cut it in the size of an A4 sheet and paste the circle on it.



4. Fold the sheet in such a way that it just touches the circle at A. Unfold the paper and draw the tangent PQ.



5. Fold the paper starting from A such that the chord AB is obtained. Draw AB.



- 6.  $\angle BAP$  and  $\angle BAQ$  are the angles formed between the chord AB and the tangent PQ.
- 7. Take a point C on the major arc. Form a crease joining AC. Draw AC.
- 8. Form a crease joining BC. Draw BC.



- 9. Take a point D on the minor arc. Form a crease joining AD. Draw AC.
- 10. Form a crease joining BD. Draw BD.



11. Make a replica of  $\angle ACB$  using a tracing paper. Place it on  $\angle BAQ$ .



12. Make a replica of  $\angle BDA$  using a tracing paper. Place it on  $\angle BAP$ .



### **RESULT:**

It is noted that  $\angle BAP$  and  $\angle BAQ$  are the angles formed between the chord AB and tangent PQ...  $\angle BAQ$  is completely covered with  $\angle ACB$  and  $\angle BAP$  is completely covered with  $\angle ADB$ . Thus the theorem is verified.

LAST DATE OF SUBMISSION OF PROJECT: 23<sup>rd</sup> December, 2021